

BEGIN NOV. 14, 1960

30.24-13419

A130

PRECEDENCE LONDON RUBLE (180)

BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION TONIGHT ANNOUNCED A REVALUATION OF THE RUBLE TO MAKE IT OFFICIALLY WORTH MORE THAN THE U.S. DOLLAR AND MUCH HEAVIER IN GOLD CONTENT THAN THE PRESENT RUBLE. EFFECTIVE JAN. 1, THE SOVIET COUNCIL OF MINISTERS DECREED, NINETENTHS OF A RUBLE WILL EQUAL ONE DOLLAR. THE DOLLAR CURRENTLY BRINGS 4 RUBLES AT THE OFFICIAL RATE AND 10 RUBLES AT THE SPECIAL TOURIST RATE.

WESTERN ECONOMIC EXPERTS HERE SAID THE REVALUATION WILL HAVE LITTLE EFFECT BECAUSE THE RUBLE IS NOT A CONVERTIBLE CURRENCY. THEY SAID ITS VALUE BEARS LITTLE RELATION TO WORLD OR DOMESTIC PRICES BUT IS SET ARBITRARILY.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT ALSO SAID THE SOVIET STATE BANK'S PURCHASING PRICE FOR GOLD WILL BE ESTABLISHED AT ONE RUBLE PER GRAM BEGINNING JAN. 1.

THE NEW RATE, LIKE THE ONE IT REPLACES, APPARENTLY APPLIES ONLY TO INTERNATIONAL TRADE. THERE WAS NO MENTION IN THE DECREE OF THE SPECIAL TOURIST RATE, WHICH WAS FIXED AT 10 RUBLES TO THE DOLLAR IN 1957. THE TOURIST RATE ALSO COVERS PURCHASES OF RUBLES BY NON-COMMERCIAL ORGANIZATIONS SUCH AS FOREIGN EMBASSIES HERE.

OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON SAID THE REVALUATION HAD BEEN EXPECTED FOR SOME TIME. THEY SAID THAT SINCE THE NEW RUBLE WILL BE WORTH 10 OF THE OLD RUBLES IN RUSSIA, THE PRIMARY EFFECT WILL BE ONE OF INTERNAL DEVALUATION.)

EARLIER THIS YEAR THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SAID IT WAS INTRODUCING A NEW "HEAVY" RUBLE, WORTH 10 TIMES THE OLD ONE.

THE MOSCOW ANNOUNCEMENT SAID:

"THE U.S.S.R. COUNCIL OF MINISTERS HAS RESOLVED TO INCREASE GOLD CONTENT OF THE RUBLE AND THE RUBLE'S FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE AS FROM JAN. 1, 1961, THE GOLD CONTENT OF THE RUBLE WILL BE ESTABLISHED AT 0.987412 GRAMS OF PURE GOLD AT ONE RUBLE PER GRAM OF PURE GOLD."

"THE RUBLE-DOLLAR EXCHANGE RATE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AT 90 KOPECKS PER ONE U.S. DOLLAR (100 KOPECKS PER RUBLE)."

"THE U.S.S.R. COUNCIL OF MINISTERS HAD INSTRUCTED THE U.S.S.R. STATE BANK TO INCREASE THE RUBLE'S RATE OF EXCHANGE WITH THE CURRENCY OF OTHER CAPITALIST COUNTRIES IN CONFORMITY WITH THE HIGHER GOLD CONTENT OF THE RUBLE. AND THE PURCHASING PRICE OF THE U.S.S.R. STATE BANK

"IF THE GOLD CONTENT OF THE CURRENCY OF THOSE COUNTRIES OR THEIR FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATE IS CHANGED, THE U.S.S.R. STATE BANK HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED TO ESTABLISH THE EXCHANGE RATE OF THE RUBLE WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR THESE CHANGES."

A92WX

(220) WITH LONDON RUBLE

WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-U.S. OFFICIALS SAID TONIGHT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT'S ANNOUNCEMENT OF A NEW HEAVY RUBLE HAD BEEN EXPECTED AND CAME AS NO SURPRISE IN WASHINGTON.

THE CHIEF REACTION OF EXPERTS HERE WAS THAT THE SOVIET CURRENCY UNIT WOULD BE GIVEN A MORE REALISTIC VALUE IN RELATION TO THE DOLLAR WHEN THE CHANGE BECOMES EFFECTIVE AT THE START OF 1961.

THESE EXPERTS POINTED OUT THAT THE NEW RUBLE WITH A GREATLY INCREASED GOLD CONTENT WILL BE WORTH TEN OF THE PRESENT RUBLES INSIDE RUSSIA WHEREAS IN RELATION TO THE DOLLAR IT WILL ONLY BE WORTH FOUR OF THE PRESENT RUBLES.

THE KEY TO THE VALUE OF THE NEW RUBLE WAS SAID TO LIE IN THE GOLD PURCHASING POWER FIXED BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR THE HEAVY UNIT. THE PRESENT RUBLE HAS A GOLD CONTENT OF 0.22 GRAMS WHILE THE NEW RUBLE WILL HAVE A GOLD CONTENT OF 0.98 GRAMS, AN INCREASE IN VALUE OF A LITTLE MORE THAN 4 TO 1.

SINCE THE NEW RUBLE BY GOVERNMENT DECREE WILL BE WORTH 10 OF THE OLD RUBLES INTERNALLY THE EFFECT, EXPERTS SAID, IS ONE OF DEVALUATION INSIDE RUSSIA.

THE CURRENCY CHANGE ANNOUNCED TONIGHT HAD BEEN EXPECTED SINCE LAST MAY WHEN SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV FORECAST IT AND OTHER OFFICIALS ANNOUNCED THAT THE NEW RUBLE WOULD BE WORTH TEN OF THE OLD. U.S. GOVERNMENT EXPERTS SAID THERE WAS NO DISCLOSURE AT THAT TIME AS TO THE EXCHANGE VALUE OF THE NEW RUBLE, SO THAT THIS WAS REGARDED AS THE REAL NEWS IN TONIGHT'S MOSCOW ANNOUNCEMENT.

JJ818PES

A55 (300)

ADVANCE FOR 7 A.M., EST, TODAY

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, NOV. 14 (AP)-WEST GERMANY, UNDER UNITED STATES PRODDING, HAS DRAWN UP A FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR 1961 THAT GOES FAR BEYOND ANY OF ITS PREVIOUS EFFORTS, THE NEW YORK TIMES SAID TODAY.

THE PROGRAM EXCEEDS ANYTHING CONTEMPLATED ALONG THIS LINE ONLY A FEW WEEKS AGO, THE PAPER SAID IN A DISPATCH FROM BONN.

A FOREIGN ECONOMIC AID FUND OF \$1 BILLION (B) WILL BE PUT TOGETHER FROM VARIOUS SOURCES -- THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, THE STATES AND INDUSTRY.

AS AGREED UPON BY KEY MINISTRIES AND INDUSTRIAL LEADERS, THE PROGRAM, ACCORDING TO THE TIMES, WAS EXPECTED TO MEET WASHINGTON'S INSISTENCE THAT THE BOOMING WEST GERMAN ECONOMY TAKE OVER A SUBSTANTIAL SHARE OF THE FOREIGN AID LOAD BEING CARRIED BY THE UNITED STATES.

AFTER CABINET ACTION IS TAKEN NEXT TUESDAY, IT WILL BE PLACED BEFORE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT B. ANDERSON AND UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON WHEN THEY OPEN CONVERSATIONS IN BONN NEXT WEEK.

THE U.S. OFFICIALS ALSO WILL VISIT PARIS AND LONDON IN AN ATTEMPT TO RELIEVE THE PRESSURE ON THE DOLLAR THAT HAS RESULTED IN A STEADY FLOW OF GOLD RESERVES FROM THE UNITED STATES. THEY ALSO WILL SEEK INCREASED EUROPEAN CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COSTS OF THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE AND TO THE SUPPORT OF POORER NATIONS.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID THE LOANS, CREDITS AND GRANTS FROM THE BILLION-DOLLAR FUND WILL NOT BE TIED TO WEST GERMAN EXPORTS AND MAY BE SPENT ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD BY RECIPIENTS.

INTEREST RATES ALSO WILL BE ADJUSTED TO MEET THE CAPACITY TO PAY. "THESE CONSIDERATIONS," SAID THE DISPATCH, "MEET UNITED STATES OBJECTIONS TO PREVIOUS WEST GERMAN EFFORTS AND TO THE ORIGINAL PROPOSALS FOR A NEW PROGRAM."

"AS IT WAS FINALLY WORKED OUT, THE PROGRAM REPRESENTS A VINDICATION OF THE VIEWS OF DR. LUDWIG ERHARD, MINISTER OF THE ECONOMY, WHO HAS CONTENDED THAT WEST GERMANY COULD AFFORD TO SHARE WASHINGTON'S BURDEN AND MUST MEET THE RESPONSIBILITY."

GERMAN OFFICIALS BELIEVE THAT 20 TO 25 PER CENT OF THE MONEY TO BE DISBURSED IN AID NEXT YEAR WILL COME BACK THROUGH THE PURCHASE OF GERMAN GOODS, THE TIMES SAID. BUT A LARGE PERCENTAGE OF THE REST IS EXPECTED TO BE SPENT IN THE UNITED STATES AND TO HELP AMERICA'S UNFAVORABLE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS.

JG535AES



A112WX

GERMAN (180)  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THEY SEE EVIDENCE OF A "POSITIVE AND CONSTRUCTIVE APPROACH" BY THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT TO THE PROBLEM OF COOPERATION IN A FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

THAT WAS THE COMMENT ON REPORTS FROM WEST GERMANY THAT THE BONN GOVERNMENT IS PLANNING TO PROVIDE A FOREIGN ECONOMIC AID FUND OF ALMOST \$1 BILLION.

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE WAS ASKED WHETHER HE COULD CONFIRM THE REPORT PUBLISHED IN TODAY'S NEW YORK TIMES UNDER A BONN DATELINE.

WHITE NOTED THAT SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT ANDERSON AND UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON ARE GOING TO BONN IN A WEEK FOR FINANCIAL TALKS. HE ADDED THAT "WE WILL OF COURSE BE INTERESTED IN LEARNING DETAILS OF GERMAN PLANS IN THE FIELD OF DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE."

SPEAKING MORE PRIVATELY, BUT TAKING AN OBVIOUSLY CONSIDERED PUBLIC POSITION, STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS DECLARED THAT THE \$1 BILLION PROGRAM REPORT WAS NOT AN OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT AND THEREFORE THEY DID NOT WANT TO MAKE FORMAL OFFICIAL COMMENT ON IT. HOWEVER, REPORTERS WERE TOLD:

"WE CAN ONLY ADD THAT WE OF COURSE WELCOME INDICATIONS OF A POSITIVE AND CONSTRUCTIVE APPROACH TO THIS PROBLEM BY THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT."

EG/JJ946PES

A67

FIRST LEAD MACMILLAN TO RGNLS (130)

BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, NOV. 14 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN VOICED OPTIMISM TONIGHT FOR THE CHANCES OF A NEW EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

MACMILLAN SAID THE WEST WAS WELL ON THE WAY TO A SUMMIT LAST YEAR BUT "THIS YEAR, BY A TRAGIC SERIES OF ACCIDENTS, WE HAVE BEEN RUDELY PUSHED DOWN TO THE BOTTOM AGAIN."

"NEVERTHELESS," HE ADDED, "I RETAIN MY CONFIDENCE THAT WE SHOULD BE ABLE TO SET OUT AGAIN UPON OUR PATH WITH REASONABLE EXPECTATIONS OF SUCCESS."

ADDRESSING A BANQUET FOR LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR, SIR BERNARD WALEY-COHEN, MACMILLAN SAID:

"THE YEAR 1961 IS BOUND TO BE A YEAR OF GREAT DIFFICULTY, EVEN PERHAPS WITH CRITICAL PERIODS. YET BENEATH ALL THE DISAGREEMENTS AND CONFUSIONS, I STILL FEEL THAT THE LONGING OF THE PEOPLES OF THE WORLD FOR PEACE AND UNDERSTANDING IS AFFECTING AND WILL AFFECT THE ACTIONS OF THEIR GOVERNMENTS."

THE PRIME MINISTER DECLARED THE WESTERN POWERS MUST SEARCH UNCEASINGLY FOR GENUINE DISARMAMENT, BUT WITHOUT GIVING WAY TO COMMUNIST PRESSURE.

"WE MUST CONTINUE TO TRY BY EVERY MEANS TO REDUCE THE TENSION BETWEEN THE TWO SIDES."

"WE MUST BE READY AND WILLING TO SEEK MUTUAL CONCESSION AND UNDERSTANDING. WE MUST PRESS FORWARD IN THE SEARCH FOR GENUINE DISARMAMENT. BUT WE MUST NOT SURRENDER."

THE PRIME MINISTER PAID TRIBUTE TO HIS OLD FRIEND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND TO PRESIDENT-ELECT JOHN F. KENNEDY.

THE APPROACHING END OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SECOND TERM OF OFFICE GIVES US AN OPPORTUNITY TO SAY HOW DEEP AND SINCERE ARE THE FEELINGS OF RESPECT AND AFFECTION IN WHICH HE IS HELD THROUGHOUT OUR COUNTRY AND INDEED THE WHOLE COMMONWEALTH," MACMILLAN SAID.

IN EXPRESSING BEST WISHES TO KENNEDY, MACMILLAN ADDED: "WE ARE CERTAIN THAT HE WILL MAINTAIN THE GREAT TRADITIONS OF HIS OFFICE AND STRENGTHEN THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES."

"WHATEVER STORMS MAY BLOW UPON THE WORLD, WE KNOW THAT THESE WILL NOT ROCK THAT ANGLO-AMERICAN FRIENDSHIP WHICH HAS PROVED THE SALVATION OF FREEDOM IN TWO WARS AND WHICH, AS PART OF THE WESTERN ALLIANCE, WILL YET LEAD THE WORLD THROUGH ITS PRESENT TROUBLES."

MACMILLAN MADE IT CLEAR HE HAD NO SYMPATHY WITH THOSE MEMBERS OF THE OPPOSITION LABOR PARTY WHO BELIEVE BRITAIN SHOULD GIVE UP ITS OWN NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHOUT REGARD TO WHAT THE RUSSIANS DO.

HE SAID THE WESTERN WORLD SHOULD MAINTAIN ITS MATERIAL POWER UNTIL EAST AND WEST CAN AGREE ON A "PROPER DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT INCLUDING ADEQUATE INSPECTION AND CONTROL."

BC425PES

--ALL POINTS-- 318(1)

NIGHT LEAD UNESCO (230)

BY JOSEPH E. DYNAN

PARIS, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY DEFEATED ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO GET RED CHINA INTO THE UNITED NATIONS THROUGH THE BACK DOOR.

BY A VOTE OF 44-26 WITH 15 ABSTENTIONS THE UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (UNESCO) APPROVED A CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE REPORT REJECTING A RUSSIAN-BACKED RESOLUTION TO ADMIT RED CHINA AS A MEMBER.

THE VOTE CAME AT THE OPENING OF THE SEVENTH BIENNIAL UNESCO GENERAL CONFERENCE. AT EACH CONFERENCE THE RUSSIANS HAVE TRIED TO GET RED CHINA RECOGNIZED AS THE UNESCO CHINESE REPRESENTATIVE. A VOTE ON THE SAME ISSUE TWO YEARS AGO WAS 41 TO 21 WITH 14 ABSTENTIONS.

THE AMERICAN ARGUMENT IS THAT A U.N. AGENCY SHOULD ABIDE BY THE POLITICAL DECISIONS OF THE PARENT ORGANIZATION. ROBERT H. THAYER, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. DELEGATION, USED THE SAME ARGUMENT TODAY IN URGING DELEGATES TO SEAT NATIONALIST CHINA.

THE CONFERENCE ALSO UPHELD THE WESTERN VIEWPOINT ON THE HUNGARIAN DELEGATION BY REFUSING TO TAKE ACTION ON HUNGARY'S DELEGATES. THIS MEANS THAT THE HUNGARIANS PARTICIPATE AND VOTE IN THE CONFERENCE BUT WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF THE CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE'S BLESSING.

THE CONFERENCE ADOPTED THIS ATTITUDE 39 TO 31, WITH 15 ABSTENTIONS, AS A SORT OF DIPLOMATIC REBUKE TO THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT FOR REFUSING TO ALLOW U.N. INVESTIGATORS INTO HUNGARY AFTER THE ANTI-SOVIET UPRISINGS IN 1956. THE SOVIET BLOC LED THE MINORITY OPPOSITION.

RUSSIA MAY RAISE THE CHINESE QUESTION AGAIN TOMORROW WHEN THE CONFERENCE CONSIDERS A SOVIET MOTION TO PUT THE ADMISSION OF RED CHINA ON THE CONFERENCE AGENDA.

BC433PES

B5WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 630 AM EST TODAY

(350) BOWLES-CHINA

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-REP. CHESTER BOWLES, D-CONN., SAYS COMMUNIST CHINA "IS LIKELY TO BE AN ENORMOUS, GROWING FORCE IN WORLD AFFAIRS" AND CAN BE EXPECTED TO HAVE NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN TWO OR THREE YEARS.

BOWLES IS ONE OF SEVERAL MEN MENTIONED AS PROMINENT POSSIBILITIES FOR THE POST OF SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE NEW ADMINISTRATION. HE OUTLINED HIS VIEWS IN A COPYRIGHTED INTERVIEW PUBLISHED TODAY BY THE MAGAZINE U. S. NEWS & WORLD REPORT.

"I WOULD NOT EXPECT WAR TO BE LAUNCHED BY THE SOVIET UNION UNLESS THROUGH SOME TRAGIC MISCALCULATION. . . ." HE SAID. "INDEED, OVER THE YEARS, MY GREATER CONCERN WOULD CENTER ON COMMUNIST CHINA." HE SAID RED CHINA'S INCREASING POWER WOULD AFFECT "BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND OURSELVES IN WAYS WHICH ARE ALSO HARD TO FORESEE."



30.24-13421

BOWLES SERVED AS A CAMPAIGN ADVISER ON FOREIGN POLICY TO PRESIDENT ELECT JOHN F. KENNEDY, BUT EMPHASIZED HE WAS SPEAKING PERSONALLY AND NOT FOR KENNEDY. HE IS A FORMER GOVERNOR OF CONNECTICUT AND A FORMER AMBASSADOR TO INDIA.

HE SAID THE WORLD IMPACT OF RED CHINA IS ONE OF THREE "DRAMATIC NEW DEVELOPMENTS" HE THINKS WILL AFFECT BOTH THIS COUNTRY AND RUSSIA DURING THE 1960S.

ANOTHER IS THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW TYPES OF NUCLEAR DEVICES AND THE SPREAD OF EXISTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO NEW NATIONS INCLUDING RED CHINA, WHICH HE SAID "MAY BE EXPECTED TO HAVE THEM IN TWO OR THREE YEARS." HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

A THIRD FACTOR, HE SAID, IS THE RAPIDLY GROWING NUMBER OF UNCOMMITTED NATIONS AND THEIR INFLUENCE ON WORLD AFFAIRS. THE NEW AFRICAN NATIONS, BOWLES SAID, HAVE BEEN "RATHER HESITANT AND UNSURE OF THEMSELVES" AT THE CURRENT SESSION OF THE UNITED NATIONS. "IN ANOTHER YEAR THEY WILL HAVE FAR MORE CONFIDENCE IN ADVANCING THEIR VIEWS," HE ADDED.

THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, MUST BE PREPARED FOR THESE FORCES, "WE MUST UNDERSTAND THEM, AND WE MUST DEVELOP POLICIES TO DEAL WITH THEM EFFECTIVELY."

BOWLES SAID NOTHING IN THE INTERVIEW ABOUT U. S. RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA. AN AIDE SAID YESTERDAY BOWLES HAS CONSISTENTLY OPPOSED ANY SUCH MOVE.

EXPLAINING HIS CONCERN ABOUT COMMUNIST CHINA BOWLES SAID THAT SOUTH-EAST ASIA'S RICH RICE LANDS AND ITS OIL MIGHT TEMPT PEIPING TO ATTACK THIS AREA.

"WE MAY HOPE THAT CHINA WILL NOT ATTEMPT TO MOVE MASSIVELY INTO THIS AREA OVER THE NEXT DECADE. THE POSSIBILITY THAT SHE MAY DO SO IS A CHALLENGE TO US. IT ALSO INVOLVES MAJOR RISKS FOR THE SOVIET UNION," BOWLES SAID.

DISCUSSING THE MOSCOW-PEIPING DISPUTE BOWLES SAID HE THOUGHT THE SOVIETS WILL TRY "TO PATCH THEM UP AS BEST THEY CAN AND CONCENTRATE ON THE LONGER-RANGE CHALLENGE."

SOVIET RUSSIA, HE ADDED, WILL REMAIN "FOR THE NEXT DECADE AT LEAST" THE DOMINANT FORCE IN THE COMMUNIST WORLD.

GG257AES

A84

(400)

ADVANCE FOR USE AT 9 P.M., EST, TODAY

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, NOV. 14 (AP)-PRESIDENT-ELECT JOHN F. KENNEDY WAS URGED TODAY TO SUPPORT GOVERNMENT AID IN POPULATION PLANNING TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES WHICH REQUEST IT.

GEN. WILLIAM H. DRAPER JR., CHAIRMAN OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE U.S. MILITARY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM, SAID THAT UNLESS THE NEW ADMINISTRATION TAKES EARLY STEPS ON THE MATTER, "IT MAY SOON BE TOO LATE."

THE QUESTION HAS TOUCHY RELIGIOUS OVERTONES, BECAUSE OF ROMAN CATHOLIC OPPOSITION TO ARTIFICIAL BIRTH CONTROL.

DRAPER, IN A SPEECH ~~MADE AT~~ A DINNER OF THE PLANNED PARENTHOOD FEDERATION OF AMERICA, URGED ACTION BY THE INCOMING ADMINISTRATION TO IMPLEMENT HIS COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS TO DEAL WITH THE WORLD "POPULATION EXPLOSION."

"OUR RECOMMENDATIONS, VERY SIMPLY, WERE TO GIVE HELP IN POPULATION PLANNING TO THOSE COUNTRIES WHICH ASKED OUR HELP, AND TO ENCOURAGE ADDITIONAL RESEARCH IN THIS FIELD FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL NATIONS," HE SAID.

HE ALSO CALLED ON KENNEDY, WHO IS A ROMAN CATHOLIC, TO FOLLOW UP ON A CAMPAIGN STATEMENT THAT SPECIALISTS SHOULD BE CONSULTED ON WHETHER PRIVATE AGENCIES ARE NOW ADEQUATELY PROVIDING SUFFICIENT RESEARCH IN FAMILY PLANNING.

DRAPER SAID THE PROBLEM OF WORLD OVERPOPULATION "IS SO LARGE AND SO URGENT THAT THE TIME HAS COME FOR OUR GOVERNMENT TO LEND A HAND." HE SAID SOARING POPULATION WAS KEEPING UNDERDEVELOPED LANDS IN POVERTY, AND SOON WOULD CRIPPLE LIVING STANDARDS IN INDUSTRIAL NATIONS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS STATED HE DIDN'T CONSIDER BIRTH CONTROL A "PROPER POLITICAL OR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY, FUNCTION OR RESPONSIBILITY." IF OTHER COUNTRIES WANT HELP, HE HAS SAID, THEY SHOULD GO TO PRIVATE GROUPS.

"IT IS MY GUESS," DRAPER ASSERTED, "THAT BECAUSE OF THE RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS, MR. EISENHOWER WANTED TO TAKE THIS ISSUE OUT OF THE RECENT POLITICAL CAMPAIGN."

"BUT NOW THE ELECTION SPEECHES . . . ARE OVER."

DRAPER SAID THAT IN THE CAMPAIGN, WHEN KENNEDY WAS ASKED HIS ATTITUDE ON GOVERNMENT SUPPORT OF FAMILY PLANNING RESEARCH, KENNEDY SAID:

"I DO NOT BELIEVE ANY CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT WOULD WANT TO MAKE A DECISION IN ADVANCE WITHOUT CONSULTING PUBLIC HEALTH AND MEDICAL RESEARCH SPECIALISTS AS TO WHETHER PRIVATE AGENCIES WERE ALREADY MEETING THE PROBLEM SUFFICIENTLY."

DRAPER SAID THIS POSITION WAS UNDERSTANDABLE, BUT THAT HE HOPED KENNEDY WILL NOW CONSULT THE SPECIALISTS. DRAPER SAID HE WAS SURE THAT THE EXPERTS WILL AFFIRM THAT GOVERNMENT HELP IS NEEDED.

IN THE CAMPAIGN, DRAPER SAID, THE DEFEATED REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE, VICE PRESIDENT NIXON, FAVORED GIVING POPULATION-PLANNING HELP TO UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES ON REQUEST.

"MR. KENNEDY, WHILE NOT PERSONALLY APPROVING BIRTH CONTROL BECAUSE OF HIS RELIGIOUS CONVICTIONS, NEVERTHELESS STATED FORTHRIGHTLY THAT IF ELECTED AND REQUIRED TO PASS ON THIS ISSUE, HIS DECISION WOULD BE MADE NOT ON RELIGIOUS GROUNDS BUT ON THE BASIS OF WHAT HE BELIEVED TO BE IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE," DRAPER SAID.

G752PES

B20 (Q)

--ALL POINTS-- (380)

TAORMINA, SICILY, NOV. 14 (AP)-WALTER C. FORD OF THE U.S. MARITIME ADMINISTRATION SAID TODAY THE NUCLEAR-POWERED MERCHANT SHIP SAVANNAH CAN ENTER ANY PORT USED BY OTHER MERCHANT SHIPS WITHOUT DANGER TO THE LOCAL PEOPLES.

THE NEW AMERICAN GOVERNMENT-FINANCED VESSEL WILL VISIT NEW YORK AFTER COMPLETION OF ITS SEA TESTS IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE ITS SAFETY, FORD TOLD 40 SCIENTISTS AND EXPERTS FROM 19 NATIONS AT A NUCLEAR CONFERENCE.

THE CONFERENCE, ORGANIZED BY THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA), IS TO STUDY WAYS AND MEANS TO USE ATOMIC ENERGY FOR MERCHANT MARINE PURPOSES.

THE SAVANNAH IS THE FIRST NUCLEAR-POWERED MERCHANT SHIP TO BE BUILT BY A WESTERN NATION, AND PROBABLY THE FIRST BUILT ANYWHERE. SEVERAL NUCLEAR-POWERED AMERICAN SUBMARINES ARE IN OPERATION. THE FIRST NUCLEAR-POWERED RUSSIAN SHIP WAS AN ICEBREAKER.

FORD SAID THE SAVANNAH MUST BE CONSIDERED THE SAME AS CONVENTIONALLY POWERED MERCHANT SHIPS AND BE ALLOWED TO ENTER ANY PORTS USED BY OTHER SHIPS.

THE CONFERENCE, WHICH OPENED IN THE ANCIENT CORVAIA PALACE OF THIS SICILIAN RESORT, WILL LAST UNTIL THURSDAY.

PROF. HUBERT DE LABOILAYE OF FRANCE, DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE IAEA, PRESIDED OVER THE MEETING.

NATIONS REPRESENTED ARE AUSTRALIA, AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, DENMARK, FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, GREECE, ITALY, JAPAN, MONACO, THE NETHERLANDS; THE UNITED STATES, NORWAY, POLAND, SWEDEN, BRITAIN, SWITZERLAND AND YUGOSLAVIA.



PROF. DE LABOILAYE ADDRESSED THE DELEGATES AFTER A SALUTE FROM TAORMINA'S MAYOR, EUGENIO LONGO.

"THE TIME FOR A NUCLEAR RUSH FOR WHALING VESSELS, TANKERS AND CARGO SHIPS IS NOT NEAR," HE SAID, "BUT STUDIES IN THAT SENSE ARE MUCH ADVANCED."

PAPERS WILL BE READ BY ALL DELEGATES.

THE UNITED STATES IS REPRESENTED BY 10 MEN.

IN ADDITION TO FORD, THEY ARE, C. K. BECK, MEMBER OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, WASHINGTON D.C.; D. F. BOLENDER, OF THE STATES MARINE LINES, NEW YORK; W.B. COTTRELL, OF THE OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY, TENN.; S. Y. FARMER, OF THE GENERAL DYNAMICS CORP., SAN DIEGO, CALIF.; R. MULLER, A U.S. NAVY OFFICER STATIONED AT FRANKFURT, WEST GERMANY; CAPT. C. P. MURPHY OF THE U.S. COAST GUARD, WASHINGTON; H. POLAK OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC AGENCY; R. SHANSTROM OF THE GENERAL DYNAMICS CORP., SAN DIEGO; AND W. R. WENDT, OF JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, BALTIMORE.

A SOVIET DELEGATION HEADED BY VYACHESLAV M. MOLOTOV, SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE TO THE IAEA IN VIENNA, HAD BEEN EXPECTED. THE RUSSIANS ANNOUNCED AT THE LAST MINUTE THAT THEY WOULD NOT ATTEND. NO REASON WAS GIVEN.

BC450PES

A115

(150)

GENEVA, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION BLOCKED AT THE NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS TODAY A JOINT U.S.-BRITISH-SOVIET RESEARCH PROGRAM FOR BETTER DETECTION OF SMALL UNDERGROUND ATOMIC EXPLOSIONS.

SOVIET NEGOTIATOR SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN HAD AGREED IN PRINCIPLE TO THE IDEA OF TEST BLAST FOR RESEARCH EARLIER THIS YEAR. BUT LATER HE INSISTED THAT SOVIET OBSERVERS MUST BE PERMITTED TO INSPECT EVERY DEVICE AND EVERY PHASE OF THE U.S.-PROPOSED PROGRAM. U.S. LEGISLATION FORBIDS THE REVEALING OF NUCLEAR TESTS.

TODAY, TSARAPKIN AGAIN REJECTED AS INSUFFICIENT THE SAFEGUARDS THE UNITED STATES HAD OFFERED TO ALLAY SOVIET FEARS. HE SAID TWO AMERICAN SAFEGUARD PROPOSALS WERE "DEVOID OF ANY GUARANTEE."

CHARLES C. STELLE OF THE UNITED STATES AGAIN TOLD THE SOVIET DELEGATE THE PROGRAM WOULD NOT SERVE ANY MILITARY PURPOSES. HE SAID IT WOULD AIM EXCLUSIVELY AT IMPROVING DETECTION METHODS OF SMALL UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS, WHICH AT PRESENT CANNOT BE CLEARLY DISTINGUISHED FROM SEISMIC DISTURBANCES.

EV956PES

A116KX

(190)

LOS ANGELES, NOV. 14 (AP)-SATELLITES CAPABLE OF FIRING ROCKETS AT ENEMY MISSILES SHORTLY AFTER LAUNCH WERE SUGGESTED TODAY BY THE HEAD OF THE AIR FORCE BALLISTIC MISSILE DIVISION.

MAJ. GEN. O. J. RITLAND TOLD A CONVENTION OF ENGINEERS: "IT APPEARS MOST PRUDENT THAT WE CONSIDER WAYS AND MEANS OF INTERCEPTING AND DESTROYING INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES AT A POINT EARLY IN THEIR PERIOD OF POWERED FLIGHT. ONE WAY WHICH SUGGESTS ITSELF IS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF ORBITING SENTINELS--INTERCEPTOR SATELLITES CAPABLE OF SENSING THE HEAT THAT MARKS A BALLISTIC MISSILE LAUNCH AND CAPABLE OF DISPATCHING ROCKETS TO DESTROY THE AGGRESSOR MISSILES."

IN HIS SPEECH TO THE WESTERN ENGINEERING CONFERENCE OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF TOOL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERS, RITLAND ALSO FORESAW A NEED "FOR A SYSTEM THAT WILL ENABLE US TO INSPECT SATELLITES THAT MAY BE HOSTILE IN PURPOSE. THE SAINT PROGRAM, NOW UNDER WAY, WILL ENABLE US TO RENDEZVOUS WITH AN ORBITING VEHICLE AND TO INSPECT IT."

REFERRING TO UPCOMING LAUNCHES OF MIDAS AND SAMOS SKY-SPY SATELLITES, RITLAND SAID:

"WHEN THE ENEMY KNOWS WE ARE EQUIPPED TO MONITOR HIS WAR-MAKING CAPABILITIES, HE MAY, INDEED, BE LESS LIKELY TO RATTLE HIS ROCKETS AND MORE INCLINED TO RETURN WITH SINCERITY TO THE DIPLOMATIC BARGAINING TABLES."

KK902PCS

A67

(150)

EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE MINISTER OF ST. GILES CATHEDRAL HAS CALLED FOR AN EMERGENCY MEETING OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND OVER THE PLAN TO USE HOLY LOCH AS A U.S. POLARIS SUBMARINE BASE.

"WE SHOULD CONSIDER WHETHER AMERICA SHOULD HAVE THE POWER TO CONTROL BRITAIN'S LIFE AND DEATH," SAID THE REV. DR. H. C. WHITLEY AT A REMEMBRANCE DAY SERVICE IN THE CATHEDRAL YESTERDAY.

"IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE WRITING IS ALREADY ON THE WALL FOR ANOTHER CIVILIZATION. IT IS ALSO POSSIBLE THIS GENERATION MAY NOT PASS WITHOUT A HOLOCAUST OF DESTRUCTION AND TERROR."

PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN ANNOUNCED EARLIER THIS MONTH BRITAIN AND AMERICA HAD REACHED AGREEMENT ON SETTING UP THE FLOATING SUB BASE IN HOLY LOCH, THE CLYDE YACHTING CENTER 30 MILES FROM GLASGOW.

MACMILLAN SAID HE WAS SATISFIED SUBMARINES FROM THE BASE NEVER WOULD FIRE THEIR ROCKETS "WITHOUT THE SMALLEST POSSIBLE PREVIOUS CONSULTATIONS" BETWEEN LONDON AND WASHINGTON.

A105

(360)

FF640AES

BY HENRY BRADSHER

NEW DELHI, NOV. 14 (AP)-INDIA HAS TOLD COMMUNIST CHINA TO STOP SAYING IT WILL OCCUPY THE TWO LITTLE HIMALAYAN KINGDOMS OF BHUTAN AND SIKKIM.

A NOTE MADE PUBLIC TODAY CHARGED THAT CHINESE PROPAGANDA HAS BEEN SAYING PEIPING INTENDS TO INCORPORATE THE TWO LITTLE STATES BETWEEN INDIA AND TIBET. SIKKIM IS AN INDIAN PROTECTORATE. BHUTAN IS INDEPENDENT BUT INDIA HANDLES ITS EXTERNAL AFFAIRS.

OTHER DIPLOMATIC NOTES CONTAINED IN A WHITE PAPER PLACED BEFORE PARLIAMENT BY PRIME MINISTER NEHRU REPORTED NUMEROUS CHINESE VIOLATIONS OF INDIA'S BORDERS. HOWEVER, THERE HAVE BEEN NO ARMED CLASHES ON THE DISPUTED BORDER SINCE ~~1954~~ OCTOBER, WHEN A DOZEN INDIANS WERE KILLED BY THE CHINESE IN LADAKH.

INDIA AND CHINA DISPUTE THE OWNERSHIP OF 51,000 SQUARE MILES OF HIMALAYAN TERRITORY, AND CHINA CONTROLS 12,000 SQUARE MILES OF IT IN LADAKH. TALKS BETWEEN EXPERTS OF THE TWO NATIONS ON A BASIS FOR CLAIMS ARE NOW DRAWING TO A CLOSE IN RANGOON WITHOUT BREAKING THE DEADLOCK.

THE WHITE PAPER DISCLOSED THAT AN INFORMAL NOTE PRESENTED TO THE CHINESE APRIL 25 WHILE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI WAS IN NEW DELHI FOR BORDER TALKS POINTED OUT THAT INDIA WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FOREIGN RELATIONS OF SIKKIM AND BHUTAN.

"PERSISTENT REPORTS HAVE REACHED US OVER THE PERIOD OF MONTHS THAT PROPAGANDA ORGANS AS WELL AS SENIOR CHINESE OFFICIALS IN THE TIBET REGION HAVE BEEN SAYING CHINA INTENDS INCORPORATING SIKKIM AND BHUTAN LIKE LADAKH INTO THE CHINESE PEOPLES REPUBLIC," THE NOTE SAID. "ON SOME OCCASIONS IT WAS EVEN STATED CHINA MIGHT TAKE MILITARY STEPS TO OCCUPY THESE TERRITORIES."

INDIA ASKED RESPECT FOR THE TWO STATES' STATUS AND AN END TO THE PROPAGANDA. THERE WAS NO INDICATION IN THE WHITE PAPER OF THE CHINESE REPLY.

THERE HAVE BEEN PERIODIC REPORTS OF CHINESE TROOP MOVEMENTS NORTH OF SIKKIM AND BHUTAN. INDIAN TROOPS GUARD SIKKIM AND A FAIRLY GOOD ROAD NETWORK MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO BRING UP REINFORCEMENTS. BUT BHUTAN LACKS ROADS AND HAS ONLY A WEAK MILITIA. MANY CONSIDER IT INDEFENSIBLE IF THE CHINESE ATTACKED.

IN VARIOUS NOTES, BOTH SIDES ALLEGED NUMEROUS VIOLATIONS OF AIR SPACE BY THE OTHER'S PLANES. IN REPLYING TO THE INDIAN NOTE CHARGING 52 VIOLATIONS, CHINA SAID THE PLANES WERE AMERICAN. IT SAID THEY TOOK OFF FROM BANGKOK, FLEW OVER BURMA AND INDIA "TO PARACHUTE CHINESE SECRET AGENTS, WEAPONS, SUPPLIES AND WIRELESS SETS" INTO CHINA.

INDIA REPLIED: "IT IS DIFFICULT TO BELIEVE THE PLANES WHICH VIOLATED INDIAN AIRSPACE IN THE WESTERN SECTOR OF THE SINO-INDIAN BOUNDARY WERE BASED ANYWHERE OTHER THAN IN CHINESE TERRITORY."

ED909AES



A118

(500)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS  
BY JACK KOEHLER  
(ADVANCE) BONN, GERMANY, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S CENSORSHIP BOARD HAS CLASSIFIED AS "DANGEROUS TO YOUTH" A BOOK BY THE NAZIS' MOST HIGHLY DECORATED SOLDIER.  
THE BOOK CALLS WORLD WAR II A HOLY WAR. IT GLORIFIES THE NAZI REGIME. IT DISMISSES ATROCITIES AS MISTAKES OCCURING IN THE HEAT OF BATTLE.

THE AUTHOR, HANS ULRICH RUDEL, FORMER COLONEL AND PILOT OF A FIGHTER-BOMBER, WAS CREDITED WITH DESTROYING A BATTLESHIP AND 519 TANKS IN 2,800 COMBAT MISSIONS.

THE CENSORSHIP BOARD CALLS HIS BOOK, "OF WAR AND PEACE," A "HATE AND PROPAGANDA BOOK AGAINST THE PRESENT DEMOCRATIC ORDER."

THE BOARD, HEADED BY A FORMER PROSECUTOR, ROBERT SCHILLING, WAS ESTABLISHED SIX YEARS AGO. IT INCLUDES REPRESENTATIVES OF THE ARTS, BOOK PUBLISHERS AND DISTRIBUTORS, YOUTH ORGANIZATIONS, THE CHURCHES AND THE STATE GOVERNMENTS.

"WE CANNOT BAN A PUBLICATION BUT WE CAN PROHIBIT ITS SALE TO PERSONS UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE AND ITS PUBLIC DISPLAY," SAYS SCHILLING.

"ALSO, WE CANNOT ACT ON OUR OWN INITIATIVE BUT ONLY UPON A COMPLAINT FROM A STATE GOVERNMENT OR A PROSECUTOR."

SCHILLING SAID THE BOARD'S FIRST TASK WAS BANNING THE SALE OF SADISTIC "COMIC BOOKS" IMPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES, SWEDEN AND ITALY.

"WE WERE VERY SUCCESSFUL IN GETTING RID OF THIS TRASH," HE SAID, "AND THE DISTRIBUTORS COOPERATED FULLY AND WITHOUT PROTEST."

ANOTHER PROBLEM HAS BEEN SO-CALLED MEN'S MAGAZINES.

"THESE MAGAZINES CARRY ALMOST IDENTICAL STORIES AND THEY ALWAYS DEAL WITH SEX, SADISM AND BRUTALITY," SCHILLING SAID.

"THERE'S ALWAYS THE AMERICAN FLIER SHOT DOWN OVER GERMANY DURING WORLD WAR II, WHO IS MIRACULOUSLY LIBERATED FROM PRISON BY SPARSELY CLAD FEMALES OR THE SHIPWRECKED AMERICAN SAILOR IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC WHO INSTEAD OF HARDSHIP, WINDS UP WITH SOME JUNGLE CHIEF'S HAREM."

HUNDREDS OF WAR ADVENTURE BOOKLETS HAVE BEEN FLOODING THE MARKET LATELY.

"THESE ARE BEING PUT OUT AS TRUE STORIES, BUT IN MOST CASES YOU CAN SEE AFTER READING ONLY A FEW PAGES THAT THE AUTHOR HAD ABSOLUTELY NO IDEA ABOUT MILITARY MATTERS," SCHILLING SAID.

A NUMBER OF THESE BOOKLETS ALREADY HAVE BEEN PUT ON THE BOARD'S BLACKLIST. SOME CALL HITLER'S SS THE "AVANT GARDE OF THE CONCEPT OF A UNITED EUROPE."

THE BOOKLETS USUALLY PORTRAY THE GERMANS AS "SUPER HEROES" WHO FREQUENTLY GULP A GLASS OF SCHNAPPS BEFORE SQUEEZING THE MACHINEGUN TRIGGER TO MOW DOWN A FEW HUNDRED RUSSIAN, AMERICAN OR BRITISH SOLDIERS.

IN ONE STORY, A LT. ZAHN AND A HANDFUL OF MEN CLIMB INTO FOUR CAPTURED SOVIET TANKS AND IN SOVIET UNIFORMS OPERATE DEEP BEHIND THE LINES. DESPITE BATTLES, THE MEN FIND TIME TO FLIRT WITH PRETTY RUSSIAN PEASANT GIRLS AND TO DRINK PLENTY OF SCHNAPPS. AT ONE POINT, ANOTHER LIEUTENANT WANTS TO "BREAK THE NECK OF A LITTLE ANIMAL" BUT IS STOPPED BY A SERGEANT. THE "LITTLE ANIMAL" IS A RUSSIAN BABY.

THIS STORY, THE BOARD MAINTAINED, HAS NOTHING TO DO WITH WAR LITERATURE. IT WAS A COLLECTION OF FANTASTIC LIES PRESENTED AS TRUTH AND IT PRESENTED THE HORRORS OF WAR AS A MERE ADVENTURE.

"THE BOOKLETS NEVER TOUCH ON THE CRIMINAL CHARACTER OF THE ATTACK ON RUSSIA," THE BOARD SAID, "AND THE HORRORS OF WAR ARE REPEATEDLY BELITTLED BY GERMAN SOLDIERS TELLING EACH OTHER DIRTY JOKES."

SCHILLING SAID AUTHORS OF THESE BOOKLETS RECEIVE \$120 TO \$190 PER STORY. BEFORE THE BLACKLIST WAS ISSUED, PUBLISHERS SOLD SEVERAL MILLION OF THE BOOKLETS EACH MONTH FOR 15 CENTS, HE ADDED.  
END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS MOVED NOV. 12  
ED1140AES

30.24-13423

A78WX

(230) DOCTORS-DRAFT

WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT THREATENED TODAY TO RESUME DRAFTING OF DOCTORS UNLESS MORE MEDICAL SCHOOL GRADUATES VOLUNTEER TO SERVE IN UNIFORM FOR TWO YEARS.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FRANK B. BERRY BACKED UP THE WARNING WITH LETTERS TO MORE THAN 4,500 HOSPITAL INTERNS GIVING THEM UNTIL DEC. 1 TO COMPLETE APPLICATION FORMS WHICH HE SAID THEY HAVE IGNORED UNTIL NOW. THE LETTER ADDED THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT WILL NOT HESITATE TO ORDER THE DRAFTING OF 650 NEXT SPRING IF VOLUNTEERS DO NOT MEET THE NEEDS. THE INTERNS WERE REMINDED THE PRESENT PHYSICIANS' DRAFT LAW EXTENDS INTO 1963.

DR. BERRY NOTED IN HIS LETTER THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO DRAFTING OF PHYSICIANS SINCE EARLY 1957.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH AND MEDICINE TOLD REPORTERS THE VOLUNTARY PLAN HE STARTED IN 1954 APPARENTLY HAS WORKED SO WELL UP TO NOW THAT MANY YOUNG MEDICAL STUDENTS HAVE THE IDEA THAT "EVERYTHING IS SMOOTH AND EASY AND THAT THERE IS NO MORE WORRY ABOUT BEING DRAFTED."

BERRY SAID THAT 1,769 INTERNS OF 1958 SIGNED UP THAT YEAR FOR IMMEDIATE OR DEFERRED MILITARY SERVICE. LAST YEAR THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT RECEIVED 2,278 APPLICATIONS, BUT IN 1960 ONLY 1,546 HAVE COME IN. BERRY SAID THE MILITARY SERVICES SHOULD HAVE AT LEAST 1,700 INTERNS ANNUALLY FOR GENERAL PRACTICE.

ABOUT 5,500 YOUNG MALE DOCTORS ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE MEDICAL COLLEGES EACH YEAR.

EG714PES

A28WX

(270) SCOTUS-UPHAUS

WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-OVER PROTESTS FROM THREE JUSTICES, THE SUPREME COURT DISMISSED TODAY AN APPEAL BY DR. WILLARD UPHAUS, 69, A METHODIST LAY PREACHER JAILED BY NEW HAMPSHIRE FOR REFUSING TO REVEAL NAMES OF GUESTS AT HIS WORLD FELLOWSHIP CAMP IN THAT STATE.

"THE JUDGMENT SOUGHT TO BE REVIEWED IS BASED ON A NON-FEDERAL GROUND," SAID AN UNSIGNED MAJORITY OPINION.

JUSTICE BLACK PROTESTED: "THE ABRIDGEMENT OF RIGHTS OF FREE SPEECH AND ASSEMBLY IS SO OBVIOUS . . . A SAD INDICATION OF JUST HOW FAR THIS COURT HAS ALREADY DEPARTED FROM THE PROTECTION OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS AND AN OMEN OF THINGS YET TO COME."

CHIEF JUSTICE WARREN AND JUSTICE BLACK ALSO DISAGREED WITH THE MAJORITY'S ACTION IN SUMMARILY DISMISSING THE APPEAL.

UPHAUS OF NEW HAVEN, CONN., WAS COMMITTED TO JAIL DEC. 14, 1959 AFTER BEING ADJUDGED IN CONTEMPT OF THE MERRIMACK COUNTY (N.H.) SUPERIOR COURT. HE WAS ORDERED TO REMAIN IN JAIL FOR A YEAR, OR UNTIL HE PURGED HIMSELF OF CONTEMPT BY RELEASING THE NAMES.

SAYING THAT HIS CONSCIENCE PREVENTED HIS REVEALING THE NAMES, DR. UPHAUS SAID IF HE DID SO INNOCENT PEOPLE WOULD BE SUBJECT TO PUBLIC RIDICULE AND SCORN.

ATTY. GEN. LOUIS C. WYMAN OF NEW HAMPSHIRE STATED HE HAD INFORMATION THAT SOME OF THE CAMP GUESTS WERE COMMUNISTS AND LISTS WERE NEEDED IN A LEGISLATURE-ORDERED INVESTIGATION OF SUBVERSIVES. DR. UPHAUS LOST IN EARLIER APPEALS TO THE NEW HAMPSHIRE AND U.S. SUPREME COURTS.

JUSTICE BLACK SAID THERE COULD BE NO ASSURANCE THAT UPHAUS WOULD BE RELEASED FROM JAIL AFTER A YEAR. HE DECLARED:

"THIS IS ANOTHER OF THAT EVER-LENGTHENING LINE OF CASES WHERE PEOPLE HAVE BEEN SENT TO PRISON AND KEPT THERE FOR LONG PERIODS OF THEIR LIVES BECAUSE THEIR BELIEFS WERE INCONSISTENT WITH THE PREVAILING VIEWS OF THE MOMENT. I BELIEVE THE FIRST AND 14TH AMENDMENTS WERE INTENDED TO PREVENT ANY SUCH IMPRISONMENT IN THIS COUNTRY."

BU403PES



B82WX Q

U R G E N T

SCOTUS-CONTEMPT

WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE SUPREME COURT TODAY UPHELD THE CONTEMPT CONVICTION OF ARTHUR M. MCPHAUL OF DETROIT FOR REFUSING TO PRODUCE RECORDS OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS ON DEMAND OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES.

MCPHAUL REFUSED TO PRODUCE THE DOCUMENTS AT A 1952 HEARING IN DETROIT, CALLED TO INVESTIGATE COMMUNIST ACTIVITY IN THAT AREA. CONVICTED OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS, HE WAS FINED \$500 AND SENTENCED TO NINE MONTHS IN PRISON.

JUSTICE WHITTAKER DELIVERED THE 5-4 DECISION. JUSTICE DOUGLAS WROTE A DISSENTING OPINION IN WHICH CHIEF JUSTICE WARREN AND JUSTICES BLACK AND BRENNAN JOINED.

DURING ARGUMENT OF THE CASE, THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT SAID THAT BEFORE CALLING MCPHAUL AS A WITNESS THE COMMITTEE KNEW THE CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS HAD BEEN DECLARED A SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. IT SAID THE COMMITTEE HAD INFORMATION ALSO THAT MCPHAUL WAS EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OR EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE ORGANIZATION.

MCPHAUL'S ATTORNEYS ARGUED THE GOVERNMENT HAD FAILED TO OFFER AT HIS TRIAL ANY EVIDENCE THAT THE RECORDS EXISTED OR WERE IN HIS POSSESSION.

IN THE COURT'S MAJORITY OPINION, WHITTAKER SAID MCPHAUL'S CONTENTIONS WERE OVERCOME BY THE GOVERNMENT'S PROOF AT HIS TRIAL, ESTABLISHING "A PRIMA FACIE CASE OF WILLFUL FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE SUBPOENA" CALLING FOR THE RECORDS.

THE MAJORITY OPINION CONTINUED:

"THE EVIDENCE OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S REASONABLE BASIS FOR BELIEVING THAT THE PETITIONER (MCPHAUL) COULD PRODUCE THE RECORDS IN QUESTION, COUPLED WITH THE EVIDENCE OF HIS FAILURE EVEN TO SUGGEST TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE HIS INABILITY TO PRODUCE THE RECORDS, CLEARLY SUPPORTED AN INFERENCE THAT HE COULD HAVE PRODUCED THEM.

"THE BURDEN THEN SHIFTED TO THE PETITIONER TO PRESENT SOME EVIDENCE TO EXPLAIN OR JUSTIFY HIS REFUSAL. BUT HE ELECTED NOT TO PRESENT ANY EVIDENCE. IN THESE CIRCUMSTANCES, THERE WAS NO FACTUAL ISSUE, RESPECTING THE EXISTENCE OF THE RECORDS OR HIS ABILITY TO PRODUCE THEM, FOR RESOLUTION BY THE JURY."

THE DETROIT HEARING WAS BY A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE HOUSE GROUP. WHITTAKER SAID THE FIFTH AMENDMENT DID NOT EXCUSE MCPHAUL FROM PRODUCING THE RECORDS. HE ALSO SAID THE SUBPOENA WAS NOT SO BROAD AS TO VIOLATE THE FOURTH AMENDMENT'S BAN ON UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES.

DISAGREEING, JUSTICE DOUGLAS SAID THE DECISION "MARKS SUCH A DEPARTURE FROM THE ACCEPTED PROCEDURE DESIGNED TO PROTECT ACCUSED PEOPLE FROM PUBLIC PASSION AND OVERBEARING OFFICIALS THAT I DISSENT."

HE SAID THE RECORD CONTAINED NO WORD OF EVIDENCE TO SHOW MCPHAUL WAS AN OFFICER, AGENT, OR MEMBER OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS OR THAT HE WAS IN POSSESSION OF ANY OF THE ORGANIZATION'S RECORDS.

DOUGLAS SAID THE SUBCOMMITTEE MADE NO EFFORT TO ESTABLISH THESE FACTS. NEITHER, HE ADDED, DID THE PROSECUTOR WHEN THE CASE CAME TO TRIAL.

DOUGLAS SAID THAT THE TRIAL JUDGE CHARGED THE JURY THAT THE FAILURE OF THE PROSECUTION TO ESTABLISH THESE FACTS WAS IMMATERIAL.

"THIS THEORY, NOW SUSTAINED BY THE COURT, PERMITS CONVICTION WITHOUT ANY EVIDENCE OF ANY 'WILLFUL' DEFAULT," DOUGLAS WROTE.

"THE PRESUMPTION OF INNOCENCE, DEEP IN OUR CRIMINAL LAW, HAS BEEN ONE OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS AGAINST OPPRESSION. SO FAR AS I CAN FIND, THIS IS THE FIRST INCIDENT WHERE WE HAVE DISPENSED WITH IT. WE DO SO TODAY BY SHIFTING THE BURDEN TO A WITNESS TO SHOW HE IS NOT AN OFFICER OR AGENT OF THE ORGANIZATION IN QUESTION AND THAT HE IS NOT ABLE TO PRODUCE THE DOCUMENTS. WITHOUT REQUIRING ANY PROOF WHATEVER

30-4

BY THE PROSECUTOR THAT CONNECTS THE DEFENDANT EITHER WITH THE ORGANIZATION OR WITH THE DOCUMENTS."

CENTURIES AGO, DOUGLAS SAID, IT WAS THE RULE THAT A MAN WHO REFUSED TO TAKE AN OATH AND ANSWER IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS WAS HELD IN CONTEMPT.

"TODAY WE TAKE A STEP BACKWARD," DOUGLAS SAID "WE ALLOW A MAN TO GO TO PRISON FOR DOING NO MORE, SO FAR AS THIS RECORD REVEALS THAN CHALLENGING THE RIGHT OF A COMMITTEE TO ASK HIM TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS."

ERNEST GOODMAN, DETROIT, ARGUED THE CASE FOR MCPHAUL ON OCT. 13. DANIEL M. FRIEDMAN, JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ATTORNEY, MADE THE REPLY ARGUMENT.

CZ/LT138PES

B8WX Q

(270) SCOTUS-CHAUNT

WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE SUPREME COURT TODAY ORDERED A FURTHER HEARING IN GOVERNMENT EFFORTS TO CANCEL CITIZENSHIP OF PETER CHAUNT, OF LOS ANGELES.

THE GOVERNMENT HAD CHARGED, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THAT IN NATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS IN 1940 CHAUNT CONCEALED COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERSHIP, AS WELL AS SEVERAL ARRESTS FOR BREACH OF THE PEACE. THE HIGH TRIBUNAL DECISION WAS BASED ON THE LATTER ALLEGATION, AND THE FINDING WAS THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD FAILED TO PRODUCE SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE.

JUSTICE DOUGLAS DELIVERED THE 6-3 DECISION. JUSTICE CLARK WROTE A DISSENTING OPINION, JOINED BY JUSTICES WHITTAKER AND STEWART.

CHAUNT, A NATIVE OF HUNGARY, CAME TO THE UNITED STATES IN 1921 AT THE AGE OF 22. HE WAS ADMITTED TO CITIZENSHIP BY THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT IN NEW YORK IN 1940. IN 1955 THE GOVERNMENT BEGAN DENATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS. CHAUNT WAS ACCUSED OF CONCEALMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS AND THE MAKING OF WILLFUL MISREPRESENTATIONS IN REQUESTING NATURALIZATION.

THE U. S. DISTRICT COURT IN LOS ANGELES ORDERED DENATURALIZATION, FINDING THAT WHEN CHAUNT BECAME A CITIZEN HE WAS "AN ACTIVE MEMBER, OFFICER AND FULL-TIME PAID FUNCTIONARY" OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. THE U. S. CIRCUIT COURT IN SAN FRANCISCO RULED CONCEALMENT BY CHAUNT OF HIS RECORD OF ARRESTS AMPLY SUPPORTED THE DENATURALIZATION ORDER.

DOUGLAS SAID THE HIGH COURT, LIKE THE CIRCUIT COURT REACHED ONLY THE QUESTION OF CONCEALMENT OF ARRESTS. ON THE RECORD BEFORE THE COURT, SAID DOUGLAS, THE NATURE OF THE ARRESTS, THE CRIMES CHARGED, AND THE DISPOSITION OF THE CASES DID NOT BRING THEM "EVEN CLOSE TO THE REQUIREMENT OF CLEAR, UNEQUIVOCAL AND CONVINCING" PROOF THAT NATURALIZATION WAS ILLEGALLY PROCURED BY CHAUNT.

THE CASE WAS SENT BACK TO THE LOWER COURT WITH INSTRUCTIONS THAT IT CONSIDER OTHER QUESTIONS RAISED BY CHAUNT IN FIGHTING DENATURALIZATION.

JOSEPH FORER, WASHINGTON, D. C., ARGUED CHAUNT'S APPEAL LAST OCT. 17. MAURICE A. ROBERTS, JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ATTORNEY, MADE THE REPLY ARGUMENT.

LT243PES

A36

PANMUNJOM, SOUTH KOREA, NOV. 14 (AP)-A SENIOR DELEGATE OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMMAND (UNC) SAID TODAY THE UNC "WILL CONTINUE TO DEFEND SOUTHERN KOREAN, USING ANY WEAPONS IT CONSIDERS NECESSARY FOR THAT DEFENSE."

MAJ. GEN. RICHARD COLLINS, NEWLY APPOINTED SENIOR MEMBER OF THE UNITED NATIONS COMPONENT, MADE THE STATEMENT DURING THE 130TH MEETING OF THE MILITARY ARMISTICE COMMISSION.

THE MEETING WAS CALLED BY THE NORTH KOREAN SIDE TO COMPLAIN ABOUT THE INTRODUCTION OF MODERN WEAPONS INTO SOUTH KOREA.

"YOUR SIDE (COMMUNIST) FORFRITED ANY RIGHT TO COMPLAIN ABOUT NEW TYPE WEAPONS THE DAY YOU SMUGGLED YOUR FIRST ILLEGAL WEAPON INTO NORTH KOREA," COLLINS TOLD THE COMMUNIST DELEGATE.

BJ419AES

30-24

1960

1960



30.24-13425

A51A

LOS ANGELES, NOV. 14 (AP)-KOREA'S FOREIGN MINISTER SAYS HE THINKS HIS REPUBLIC STANDS A BETTER CHANCE OF GETTING INTO THE UNITED NATIONS BECAUSE IT GAVE UP REUNITING WITH NORTH KOREA BY FORCE.  
"THE SYNGMAN RHEE POLICY OF 'MARCHING NORTH' AS A MEANS OF ACHIEVING UNIFICATION HAS NO PLACE IN THE SECOND REPUBLIC," DR. YIL HYUNG CHYUNG TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HERE YESTERDAY. "WE BELIEVE INSTEAD THAT WE CAN ACHIEVE MORE BY PEACEABLE MEANS OF PERSUASION."  
SYNGMAN RHEE, FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, WAS OUSTED.  
EV1119PPS

A83

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 14 (AP)-AN AMERICAN QUAKER GROUP TODAY PRESENTED THE UNITED NATIONS GIFTS TOTALING MORE THAN \$16,000 TO BE USED FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN AFRICA.  
THE GROUP OF 39 MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN REPRESENTING QUAKER SOCIETIES ACROSS THE NATION WAS LED BY COLIN BELL, MEMBER OF THE SWARTHMORE MEETING OF FRIENDS.  
IN THE PAST TWO MONTHS THE UNITED NATIONS HAS RECEIVED OTHER QUAKER DONATIONS AMOUNTING TO SOME \$15,000. THE GIFTS REPRESENT A SELF IMPOSED TAX OR TITHE AMOUNTING IN SOME CASES TO ONE PER CENT OF AN INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME.  
G742PES

A87

TOKYO, NOV. 14 (AP)-LEADERS OF JAPAN'S LEFTWING SAID TODAY THEY PLANNED TO SEND MISSIONS TO THE UNITED STATES TO GIVE WHAT THEY BELIEVE IS THE TRUE PICTURE OF JAPAN TO PRESIDENT-ELECT JOHN F. KENNEDY.  
ACTING SOCIALIST PARTY CHAIRMAN SABURO EDA TOLD NEWSMEN IN THE SOUTH KYUSHU TOWN OF KAGOSHIMA, AMERICA HAS BEEN RECEIVING "DISTORTED REPORTS ON JAPAN" FROM THE CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT AND THE U.S. EMBASSY IN TOKYO.  
THE SAME DAY KAORU OTA, CHAIRMAN OF THE GIANT GENERAL COUNCIL OF JAPAN TRADE UNIONS (SOHYO), SAID HE WOULD ALSO SEND A MISSION TO TELL KENNEDY THAT THE LABOR GROUPS' CAMPAIGNS AGAINST U.S. MILITARY BASES IN JAPAN WERE NOT INTENDED TO AROUSE ANTI-AMERICAN SENTIMENT AMONG THE JAPANESE.  
HE SAID THESE ANTI-BASE MOVEMENTS WERE ONLY "A MANIFESTATION OF THE PEOPLE'S WISH FOR NON-INVOLVEMENT OF THIS COUNTRY IN ANY FUTURE WAR."  
MC749AES

A39

NEW YORK, NOV. 14 (AP)-AN AGREEMENT HAS BEEN REACHED BETWEEN THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT AND AN AMERICAN FIRM FOR EXCLUSIVE TELEVISION AND FILM COVERAGE OF THE TRIAL OF ADOLF EICHMANN.  
FRANK M. SMITH, PRESIDENT OF CAPITAL CITIES BROADCASTING CORP., SAID YESTERDAY HIS COMPANY WILL MAKE ALL RECORDINGS AND FILMS TAKEN DURING THE TRIAL AVAILABLE TO ANY BROADCASTER OR FILM COMPANY THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.  
PROCEEDS--AFTER EXPENSES--WILL GO TO A CHARITY ORGANIZATION DESIGNATED BY THE ISRAELI GOVERNMENT.  
EICHMANN WILL BE TRIED IN JERUSALEM IN THE SPRING ON CHARGES OF THE MURDER OF SIX MILLION JEWS. HE WAS CHIEF OF THE JEWISH SECTION OF HITLER'S GESTAPO AND FLED TO SOUTH AMERICA AFTER THE WAR. ISRAELI AGENTS RECENTLY TOOK HIM TO ISRAEL TO STAND TRIAL.  
JG434AES

A109WX

(150) KHRUSHCHEV - BOAT  
WASHINGTON, NOV. 14 (AP)-THE BOAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAD PLANNED TO PRESENT TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW LAST SPRING HAS BEEN QUIETLY RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES, STATE DEPARTMENT INFORMANTS SAID TODAY.

THE BOAT WAS SENT TO THE RUSSIAN CAPITAL IN ADVANCE OF THE PRESIDENT'S INTENDED ARRIVAL. WHEN EISENHOWER'S TRIP WAS CANCELED, IT SAT ON THE EMBASSY LAWN FOR SEVERAL MONTHS BEFORE IT MADE THE RETURN VOYAGE EARLY THIS AUTUMN.

SINCE IT BECAME CLEAR EISENHOWER WOULD NOT HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO DELIVER THE BOAT THE WHITE HOUSE AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAVE RECEIVED DOZENS OF LETTERS SUGGESTING HOW TO MAKE USE OF THE BOAT.

THE CRAFT WAS SENT TO ITS MANUFACTURER, THE INDIANA GEAR WORKS, INC., INDIANAPOLIS, IND., WHICH WAS "DELIGHTED" TO GET THE BOAT BACK, DEPARTMENT SOURCES SAID.

THE DEPARTMENT, HOWEVER, KEPT A SOUVENIR: THE SILVER PLAQUE ORIGINALLY MOUNTED ON THE BOAT'S DASHBOARD WITH THE INSCRIPTION "TO NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV FROM DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER."

EG930PES

B57KX Q

EARHART (170)

GUAM, NOV. 14 (AP)-A RANKING POLICE INSPECTOR AT SAIPAN WHEN AMELIA EARHART DISAPPEARED ON A PACIFIC FLIGHT IN 1937 REJECTED TODAY CLAIMS THAT THE AMERICAN AVIATRIX AND HER NAVIGATOR WERE EXECUTED BY THE JAPANESE.

THE INVESTIGATOR, JESUS DE LEON GUERRERO, SAID A WOMAN EXECUTED ON SAIPAN AS A SPY WAS BORN IN LOS ANGELES OF JAPANESE DESCENT.

SEVERAL RECENT THEORIES HAD MISS EARHART AND HER NAVIGATOR FRED NOONAN CRASHING AT SAIPAN ON THEIR ROUND THE WORLD FLIGHT. THE THEORIES HELD THAT THE JAPANESE PUT THE PAIR TO DEATH TO MASK THE FACT THEY WERE FORTIFYING THE ISLAND PREPARATORY TO WORLD WAR II.

GUERRERO SAID HE DID NOT KNOW THE NAME OF THE EXECUTED WOMAN, BUT RECALLED THAT SHE WAS "BEAUTIFUL AND ABOUT 25 YEARS OF AGE. SHE APPEARED TO BE PART CAUCASIAN AND WOULD HAVE BEEN MISTAKEN FOR ONE."

THE FORMER POLICE OFFICIAL SAID THE WOMAN CAME TO SAIPAN OSTENSIBLY TO LOOK FOR WORK, BUT WAS TOO WELL DRESSED. HE SAID SHE WAS SUBSEQUENTLY ARRESTED AND IMPRISONED TWO MONTHS BEFORE BEING HANGED.

GUERRERO ADDED THAT BECAUSE OF HIS POSITION WITH THE POLICE, HE WOULD HAVE KNOWN IF MISS EARHART HAD BEEN ARRESTED.

B953ACS

AP88

TOKYO, NOV. 14 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER HAYATO IKEDA TOLD THE 12TH COLOMBO PLAN MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE TODAY THAT JAPAN WILL INCREASE ITS AID CONTRIBUTION TO THE SOUTHEASTERN ASIA MEMBER COUNTRIES.

HE CONCEDED THE \$2,550,000 TO COME FROM HIS COUNTRY SO FAR WAS NOT SUBSTANTIAL. UNDER THE COLOMBO PLAN THE BETTER-OFF MEMBERS HELP THE NEEDY ONES FINANCIALLY WITH DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.

THE MINISTERIAL MEETING THAT OPENED TODAY WILL BRING TO A CLOSE THE ANNUAL CONFERENCE, WHICH STARTED OCT. 31.

MC753AES

END NOV. 14